## DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH



NIH seeksto develop a universal influenza vaccine that would generate robust/alstingg protection against multiple subtypes of influenza, eliminating the topegodate the vaccine each year and protect against newly emerging strains with pandemic potenti2022, a Phase 1 clinical trial began enrolling healthy volunteers at the NIH Clinical Center to assess the safety and efficacy of a novel universal flu accine candidateBuilding upon the success of mRNA vaccines developed during the COVID-19 pandemic, NIH is working to apply this platform to the universal influenza vaccine development. Additionally, NIHsupported researchers are actively identifying developing novel adjuvants for influenza/accines to increase their immunogenicity and effectiveness. Continued investment in this research will enable the development of more broadly protective anddetinger influenza vaccines. The FY 2024 budgetquest includes \$270.0 million for universal influenza vaccine research, the same as the FY 2023 Enacted level.

## **A Reinvigorated Cancer Moonshot**

In FY 2024, the ReignitedCancer Moonshtdnitiative<sup>2</sup> will support priority investments toadvancethe goals of the Reignited Cancer Moonshtdnitiative<sup>2</sup> will support priority investments toadvancethe goals of the Reignited Cancer Moonshtdnitiative<sup>2</sup> will support priority investments toadvancethe goals of the Reignited Cancer Moonshtdnitiative<sup>2</sup> will support priority investments toadvancethe goals of the Reignited Cancer Moonshtdnitiative<sup>2</sup> will support priority investments toadvancethe goals of the Reignited Cancer Moonshtdnitiative<sup>2</sup> will support priority investments toadvancethe goals of the Reignited Cancer Moonshtdnitiative<sup>2</sup> will support priority investments toadvancethe goals of the Reignited Cancer Moonshtdnitiative<sup>2</sup> will support priority investments toadvancethe goals of the Reignited Cancer Moonshtdnitiative<sup>2</sup> will support priority investments toadvancethe goals of the Reignited Cancer Moonshtdnitiative<sup>3</sup> will support priority support priority investments to the Reignited Cancer Moonshtdnitiative<sup>3</sup> will support priority investments to the Reignited Cancer Moonshtdnitiative<sup>3</sup> will support priority support priority investments to the Reignited Cancer Moonshtdnitiative<sup>3</sup> will support priority support priority investments to the Reignited Cancer Moonshtdnitiative<sup>3</sup> will support priority support

the Beau Biden Cancer Moonshoods supported over 250 research projects throathed the boundaries of discovery and collaboration on

includes an increase of \$0.0 million for the Cancer Moonshot from the £2023Enactedevel, for a total of \$716.0 million, with further increases proposed in FY 2025 and FY 2026 using mandatory funding

Clinical trials play a prominent role in evaluating new cancer prevention, screening, and treatment approaches IH National Cancer Institute (CI) funding will focus on doubling the

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> www.nih.gov/newevents/newseleases/triabotentialuniversalflu-vaccineopensnih-clinical-center

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> www.cancer.gov/research/k@yitiatives/moonshocancerinitiative

number and increasing the diversity of people whenter NCI-sponsored clinical trials to develop new prevention, diagnose, and the rapeuticapproaches at more rapidpace Funding will also support continued work towards increasing the pipeline of new cancer drugs. Additionally, the resources will fund a major trial to evaluate multicenter detection tests, the Cancer Moonshot Scholars program, and the NCI Telehealth Research Centers of Excellence, allowing the a

Serious Mental Illness (SMI)s a major, albeit less known, risk factor for COV1D,4 and people with SMI are moreprone to SAR8CoV-2 infection and are more likely to require hospitalization and die from severe COV1D. NIH supports research on many facets of mental

UNITE, launched in February 202its, an NIH-wide, collaborative effort comprised of five workstreamswith distinct but coordinated objectives to tackhe to problem of racial and ethnic equity in science while developing deltaven methods to promote diversity, equity, and inclusion across the biomedical and behavioral enterprise. To thoroughly address structural racism that may exist within the enterprise works across three domainstealth Disparities and Minority Health Researchine internal NIH workforce, and the external

in treatment for opioid use disorder, neonatal opioid exposure and maternal health, aate in teatments.

Opioid use is not the only alarming trend in addiction and overdose. The misuse of stimulants, such as methamphetamine, is **ialiste** asing as aredeaths attributed to combining opioids and stimulantsImproved prevention and treatment strategiere needed for both opioid use disorder and exoccurring conditions such as mental health conditions and polysubstance use for a range of atisk populations and in various settings. Recently launched HEAL programs aim to develop safe and effective treatments, as well as define approaches to improve treatment access and retention in various settings.

## **Preventing Maternal Morbidity and Mortality**

Even during a global pandemic, NIH continued to focus on otherstangding yet urgent public health needs. The CDC estimate200 women die each year in the United States of maternalcauses 80 percent of which are preventable, and usandsmore experience severe pregnancyrelated morbidity. 10,11

To address this alarming trend, NIH established gencywide collaboration called the Implementing a Maternal health and Pregnancy Outcomes Vision for Everyone (IMPROVE) Initiative which is an evidence ased approach to reduce preventable maternal pregnancy related deaths and associated health disparities for women at all stages gnancy. To build

Development to support research on mitigating the effects of COVIDn pregnancies, lactation, and pospartum health with a focus on individuals from racial and ethnic minority groups.

In summer 2023, IMPQVE will implement a national network of Maternal Health Research Centers of Excellence to support research projects that build on previous research and take innovative, communityailored approaches to address health disparities and risk factors for mater

replace research animal facilities with a centralized and more efficient facility, improve facilities that advance computational and data science, replace temporary